



Name : _____ Class : _____ Date : _____

Present Simple Tense

[Action Verbs, Be Verbs, Possessive Forms]

Present Simple Tense : Action Verbs

Affirmative ➞ Subject + root verb (+ s/es for he, she, it) + object

Examples ➞ She eats apples for breakfast. They play cricket.

Negative ➞ Subject + do/does not + root verb + object

Examples ➞ He does not eat meat. I do not sing.

Interrogative ➞ Do/does + subject + root verb + object?

Examples ➞ Do they like ice cream? Does she cook every day?

Note:

In the present simple, add -s or -es to the main verb with he, she, it, or a singular noun.

e.g. "He eats mangoes."

Add -es after verbs ending in -s, -sh, -ch, -x, or -o. (go + es = goes)

e.g. "He goes to school."

Present Simple Tense : Be Verbs

Affirmative ➞ Subject + is/am/are + complement

Examples ➞ She is a teacher. I am happy. We are friends.

Negative ➞ Subject + is/am/are + not + complement

Examples ➞ He is not a doctor. You are not in the room.

Interrogative ➞ Is/am/are + subject + complement?

Examples ➞ Is she your sister? Am I late? Is he here?

Note:

Use 'am' with I, 'is' with he, she, it, or one person or thing, and

'are' with you, we, they, or plural nouns in present simple sentences.

Present Simple Tense : Possessive Forms

Affirmative ➞ Subject + has/have + object/possession

Examples ➞ She has a car. I have a laptop. We have time.

Negative ➞ Subject + do/does not + have + object/possession

Examples ➞ I do not have time. She does not have a pen.

Interrogative ➞ Do/does + subject + have + object/possession ?

Examples ➞ Does he have a bicycle? Do you have a ticket?

Note:

Use 'has' with he, she, it, or one person or thing, and use 'have' with I, you, we, they, or plural nouns in present simple sentences to show possession or ownership.

