



Name : _____ Class : _____ Date : _____

Past Perfect Tense

[Action Verbs, Be Verbs, Possessive Forms]

Past Perfect Tense : Action Verbs

Affirmative ➞

Subject + had + past participle (V3) + object (if any)

Example ➞

They had completed the project before the deadline.

Negative ➞

Subject + had not + past participle (V3) + object (if any)

Example ➞

She had not received the message.

Interrogative ➞

Had + subject + past participle (V3) + object (if any)?

Example ➞

Had you completed your assignment?

Note:

Use the past perfect tense for an action that happened before another action or time in the past. It is often used with words such as before, after, already, by the time, and when.

Past Perfect Tense : Be Verbs

Affirmative ➞

Subject + had been + adjective/noun (complement)

Example ➞

They had been friends for many years.

Negative ➞

Subject + had not been + adjective/noun (complement)

Example ➞

You had not been helpful at that time.

Interrogative ➞

Had + subject + been + adjective/noun (complement)?

Example ➞

Had he been a good player?

Note:

Use **had been** with all subjects to describe a state, condition, identity, or location that existed before another time or action in the past.

Past Perfect Tense : Possessive Forms

Affirmative ➞

Subject + had + had + object/experience

Example ➞

I had had a car before I moved abroad.

Negative ➞

Subject + had not + had + object/experience

Example ➞

He had not had any savings.

Interrogative ➞

Had + subject + had + object/experience?

Example ➞

Had she had any difficulties?

Note:

In **had had**, the first had is the helping verb that forms the past perfect tense. The second had is the past participle of have, showing possession or an experience.

